

### Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Date of issue: 01/08/2019 Revision date: 01/08/2019 Supersedes: 01/08/2019

Version: 1.0

### **SECTION 1: Identification**

### 1.1. Identification

Product form : Substance

Substance name : BASECOAT BINDER
Product code : BCB-600 REV2

### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

No additional information available

#### 1.3. Supplier

Color By Design, Inc. 407 W. Main Haven, KS 67543 T 620-465-2600

info@colorbydesigninc.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : 620-728-4044

### SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### **GHS US classification**

Flammable liquids Category 2 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2 Skin sensitization, Category 1

Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B Carcinogenicity Category 1A

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Category 2

Highly flammable liquid and vapour

Causes skin irritation

Causes serious eye irritation May cause an allergic skin reaction

May cause genetic defects

May cause cancer

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

#### 2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

### **GHS US labeling**

Hazard pictograms (GHS US)





GHS02 GHS07

HSU/

GHS08

Signal word (GHS US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS US) : Highly flammable liquid and vapour

Causes skin irritation

May cause an allergic skin reaction Causes serious eye irritation May cause drowsiness or dizziness May cause genetic defects

May cause cancer

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary statements (GHS US) : Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed.

Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, vapors, spray Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

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Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

If on skin: Wash with plenty of water

If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water/shower

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instruction on this label)

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

In case of fire: Use media other than water to extinguish.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Store locked up.

Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance

with local, regional, national and/or international regulation

### 2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

### **SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients**

### 3.1. Substances

Name : BASECOAT BINDER

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Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
Aromatic Hydrocarbon	(CAS-No.) 108-88-3	21 - 24.2	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
2-Propane	(CAS-No.) 67-64-1	21 - 23	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
N-BUTYL ACETATE	(CAS-No.) 123-86-4	8 - 10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	(CAS-No.) 64742-95-6	> 3.84912	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1B, H350 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
ethylbenzene	(CAS-No.) 100-41-4	1.4275 - 2.7835	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Carc. 2, H351 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
ACEMATT TS 100	(CAS-No.) 112945-52-5	0.5 - 2.5	Not classified
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	(CAS-No.) 95-63-6	< 1.45152	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Heptan-2-one	(CAS-No.) 110-43-0	0.45 - 1.225	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-1-oxopropyl]omegahydroxy-	(CAS-No.) 104810-48-2	0 - 1	Not classified
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha[3-[3-{2H-benzotriazol-2-yl}-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl}-4-hydroxyphenyl]-1-oxyopropyl]omega[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl}-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-1-oxopropyl]-	(CAS-No.) 104810-47-1	0 - 1	Not classified
Polyethyleneglycol 300	(CAS-No.) 25322-68-3	0 - 1	Not classified
Amide L*	(CAS-No.) Proprietary*	0.3 - 0.7	Not classified
Ethanol	(CAS-No.) 64-17-5	0.165 - 0.385	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Carc. 1A, H350
Solvent Naptha (Petroleum), light aliph.	(CAS-No.) 64742-89-8	0.075 - 0.35	Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1B, H350 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
n-butylmethacrylate, inhibited	(CAS-No.) 97-88-1	0.018 - 0.2	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335
Methanol	(CAS-No.) 67-56-1	0.0675 - 0.1575	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation), H331 STOT SE 1, H370
cumene	(CAS-No.) 98-82-8	< 0.04989 6	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
2-Propanol	(CAS-No.) 67-63-0	0.0015 - 0.0035	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

### 3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

## **SECTION 4: First-aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

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First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Rinse skin with water/shower. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. If skin

irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse eyes with water as a precaution.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Call a poison center/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Symptoms/effects : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

### 4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.

### **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

### 5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.

### 5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Reactivity : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

### 5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Protection during firefighting : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing

apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures : No open flames, no sparks, and no smoking. Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable

protective equipment may intervene. Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, vapors, spray.

### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information

refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public

waters.

Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 13.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Flammable vapors may accumulate in the container. Use explosion-proof equipment. Wear personal protective equipment. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Take all necessary technical measures to avoid or minimize the release of the product on the workplace. Limit quantities of product at the minimum necessary for handling and limit the number of exposed workers. Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation. Floors, walls and other surfaces in the hazard area must be cleaned regularly. Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, vapors, spray.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Hygiene measures : Separate working clothes from to

: Separate working clothes from town clothes. Launder separately. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

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Storage conditions

: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1.	Control	paramet	ters
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Aromatic Hydrocarb	oon (108-88-3)	
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	20 ppm (Toluene; USA; Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h; TLV - Adopted Value)
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Visual impair; female repro; pregnancy loss; A4; BEI
OSHA	Remark (OSHA)	(2) See Table Z-2.
n-butylmethacrylate	, inhibited (97-88-1)	
Not applicable		
ethylbenzene (100-4	11-4)	
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	20 ppm (Ethyl benzene; USA; Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h; TLV - Adopted Value)
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	URT irr; kidney dam (nephropathy)
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	435 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm
solvent naphtha (pe	troleum), light aromatic (64742-95-6)	
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	200 mg/m³
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200
OSHA	OSHA PEL (STEL) (ppm)	500
cumene (98-82-8)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (Cumene; USA; Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h; TLV - Adopted Value)
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Lung cancer; liver and lung dam; A2 (Suspected Human Carcinogen: Human data are accepted as adequate in quality but are conflicting or insufficient to classify the agent as a confirmed human carcinogen; OR, the agent is carcinogenic in experimental animals at dose(s), by route(s) of exposure, at site(s), of histologic type(s), or by mechanism(s) considered relevant to worker exposure. The A2 is used primarily when there is limited evidence or carcinogenicity in humans and sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in experimental animals with relevance to humans)
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	245 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	50 ppm
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzo	ene (95-63-6)	
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	25 ppm (Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers); USA; Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h; TLV - Adopted Value)
ACEMATT TS 100 (1	12945-52-5)	
Not applicable		
2-Propane (67-64-1)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	250 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	500 ppm
N-BUTYL ACETATE	(123-86-4)	
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	150 ppm
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Eye & URT irr
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	710 mg/m³
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	E (123-86-4)		
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	150 ppm	
Amide L* (Proprietary*)			
Not applicable			
Ethanol (64-17-5)			
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	1000 ppm	
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	URT irr	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1900 mg/m³	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm	
Methanol (67-56-1)	·		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm (Methanol; USA; Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h; TLV - Adopted Value)	
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	250 ppm (Methanol; USA; Short time value; TLV - Adopted Value)	
2-Propanol (67-63-0)	)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm (2-propanol; USA; Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h; TLV - Adopted Value)	
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	400 ppm (2-propanol; USA; Short time value; TLV - Adopted Value)	
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethane (104810-48-2)	diyl), .alpha[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-(1,1-dir	methylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-1-oxopropyl]omegahydroxy-	
Not applicable			
- 1 / 1 - 0	divl) alpha -[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-vl)-5-(1 1-dir	methylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-1-oxyopropyl]omega[3-[3-(2H-	
	-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-1-oxopropy		
benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-			
benzotriazol-2-yl)-5- Not applicable	-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-1-oxopropy		
benzotriazol-2-yl)-5- Not applicable Polyethyleneglycol	-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-1-oxopropy		
benzotriazol-2-yl)-5- Not applicable  Polyethyleneglycol  Not applicable	-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-1-oxopropy 300 (25322-68-3)		
	-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-1-oxopropy 300 (25322-68-3)		
benzotriazol-2-yl)-5- Not applicable  Polyethyleneglycol  Not applicable  Heptan-2-one (110-4  ACGIH	-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-1-oxopropy 300 (25322-68-3) 43-0)	50 ppm (Methyl n-amyl ketone; USA; Time-weighted	
benzotriazol-2-yl)-5- Not applicable  Polyethyleneglycol Not applicable  Heptan-2-one (110-4 ACGIH	300 (25322-68-3)  ACGIH TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (Methyl n-amyl ketone; USA; Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h; TLV - Adopted Value)	
benzotriazol-2-yl)-5- Not applicable  Polyethyleneglycol  Not applicable  Heptan-2-one (110-4	-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-1-oxopropy  300 (25322-68-3)  43-0)  ACGIH TWA (ppm)  Remark (ACGIH)	50 ppm (Methyl n-amyl ketone; USA; Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h; TLV - Adopted Value)  Eye & skin irr	
benzotriazol-2-yl)-5- Not applicable  Polyethyleneglycol Not applicable  Heptan-2-one (110-4 ACGIH  ACGIH  OSHA	300 (25322-68-3)  ACGIH TWA (ppm)  Remark (ACGIH)  OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	50 ppm (Methyl n-amyl ketone; USA; Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h; TLV - Adopted Value)  Eye & skin irr  465 mg/m³	

## 8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

### 8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Hand protection:

Protective gloves

Eye protection:

Safety glasses

Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory protection:

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Wear respiratory protection.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid
Color : clear

Odor : There may be no odour warning properties, odour is subjective and inadequate to warn of

overexposure.

: No data available

Mixture contains one or more component(s) which have the following odour(s):

Aromatic odour Sweet odour Fruity odour Ester smell Petroleum-like odour No data available on odour Irritating/pungent odour Mild odour Odourless Alcohol odour Stuffy odour Almost

odourless

: 6.3

Odor threshold : No data available pH : No data available Melting point : Not applicable Freezing point : No data available Boiling point : 132 - 287 °F Flash point : 0 °F

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable.

Vapor pressure : 186 mm Hg @20 C

Relative density : 0.94

Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)

Relative vapor density at 20 °C

Solubility : No data available Log Pow No data available No data available Auto-ignition temperature : No data available Decomposition temperature Viscosity, kinematic No data available Viscosity, dynamic : No data available No data available **Explosion limits** Explosive properties No data available Oxidizing properties : No data available

#### 9.2. Other information

No additional information available

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1. Reactivity

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

No additional information available

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

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Aromatic Hydrocarbon (108-88-3)	
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat; Equivalent or similar to OECD 401; Literature study; 5580 mg/kg
	bodyweight; Rat; Experimental value)
LD50 dermal rabbit	12223 mg/kg (Rabbit; Literature study; Other; >5000 mg/kg bodyweight; Rabbit; Experimental value)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 20 mg/l/4h (Rat; Literature study)
ATE US (dermal)	12223.000 mg/kg body weight
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
LD50 oral rat	3500 mg/kg (Rat; Other; Experimental value)
LD50 dermal rabbit	15415 mg/kg (Rabbit; Literature study; Other; 15432 mg/kg; Rabbit; Experimental value)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	17.8 mg/l/4h (Rat; Literature study)
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	4000 ppm/4h (Rat; Literature study)
ATE US (oral)	3500.000 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	15415.000 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	4000.000 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	17.800 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.500 mg/l/4h
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (6	4742-95-6)
LD50 oral rat	3492 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 3160 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	> 6193 ppm/4h
ATE US (oral)	3492.000 mg/kg body weight
cumene (98-82-8)	o to 2.000 mg/ng 2004, morgin
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat; Other; Literature study; 4000 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat; Other; Inconclusive.
LD30 Olai Tat	insufficient data)
LD50 dermal rabbit	10578 mg/kg (Rabbit; Literature study; Other)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	40 mg/l/4h (Rat; Literature study)
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	8000 ppm/4h (Rat; Literature study)
ATE US (dermal)	10578.000 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	8000.000 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	40.000 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	40.000 mg/l/4h
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat; Equivalent or similar to OECD 401; Literature; 6000 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat; Experimental value)
LD50 dermal rat	> 3440 mg/kg (Rat; Read-across; OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	18 mg/l/4h (Rat)
ATE US (gases)	4500.000 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	18.000 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.500 mg/l/4h
ACEMATT TS 100 (112945-52-5)	
LD50 oral rat	3160 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)
ATE US (oral)	3160.000 mg/kg body weight
2-Propane (67-64-1)	
LD50 oral rat	5800 mg/kg (Equivalent or similar to OECD 401, Rat, Female, Experimental value)
LD50 dermal rabbit	20000 mg/kg (Equivalent or similar to OECD 402, Rabbit, Male, Experimental value)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	76 mg/l (Other, 4 h, Rat, Female, Experimental value)
ATE US (oral)	5800.000 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	20000.000 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (vapors)	76.000 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	76.000 mg/l/4h

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N-BUTYL ACETATE (123-86-4)	
LD50 oral rat	10760 - 12789 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 423, Rat, Male/female, Experimental value)
LD50 dermal rabbit	14112 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 402, Rabbit, Male/female, Experimental value)
ATE US (oral)	10760.000 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	14112.000 mg/kg body weight
Ethanol (64-17-5)	
LD50 oral rat	> 7060 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 20 mg/l/4h (Rat)
Methanol (67-56-1)	
ATE US (oral)	100.000 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	300.000 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	700.000 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	3.000 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	0.500 mg/l/4h
2-Propanol (67-63-0)	
LD50 dermal rabbit	12870 mg/kg (Rabbit; Experimental value; Equivalent or similar to OECD 402; 16.4; Rabbit)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	73 mg/l/4h (Rat)
ATE US (dermal)	12870.000 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (vapors)	73.000 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	73.000 mg/l/4h
Polyethyleneglycol 300 (25322-68-3)	
LD50 oral rat	> 30000 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 20000 mg/kg (Rabbit)
Heptan-2-one (110-43-0)	
LD50 oral rat	1670 mg/kg (Rat; Experimental value; 1600 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat)
LD50 dermal rat	10300 mg/kg (Rat; Experimental value; OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity; >2000 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	14 mg/l/4h (Rat; Experimental value; >16.7 mg/l/4h; Rat)
ATE US (oral)	1670.000 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	10300.000 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	4500.000 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	14.000 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.500 mg/l/4h
kin corrosion/irritation	: Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Germ cell mutagenicity	: May cause genetic defects.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer.
	·
Aromatic Hydrocarbon (108-88-3) IARC group	3 - Not classifiable
•	O HOLOIGOSIIIGDIO
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
cumene (98-82-8)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicity Program (NTP) Status	3 - Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen
Ethanol (64-17-5)	

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1 - Carcinogenic to humans

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2-Propanol (67-63-0)	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (64742-95-6)	
Target organ(s)	liver kidneys central nervous system
cumene (98-82-8)	
Target organ(s)	liver kidneys central nervous system

Specific target organ toxicity – repeated

exposure

: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

12.1. <sup>-</sup>	Tox	icity	7
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EC50 Daphnia 1

Ecology - general : The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms or to cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.

n-butylmethacrylate, inhibited (97-88-1)		
LC50 fish 1	11 mg/l (OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test, 96 h, Pimephales promelas, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	32 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)	
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)		
LC50 fish 2	4.2 mg/l (LC50; OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test; 96 h; Salmo gairdneri; Semi-static system; Fresh water; Experimental value)	
cumene (98-82-8)		
EC50 Daphnia 1	2.14 mg/l (EC50; OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test; 48 h; Daphnia magna; Static system; Fresh water; Experimental value)	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)		
LC50 fish 1	7.72 mg/l (LC50; 96 h; Pimephales promelas; Flow-through system; Fresh water)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	3.6 mg/l (LC50; OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test; 48 h; Daphnia magna; Static system; Fresh water; Experimental value)	
Threshold limit algae 2	2.356 mg/l (EC50; ECOSAR; 96 h; Algae; Fresh water)	
2-Propane (67-64-1)		
LC50 fish 1	5540 mg/l (EU Method C.1, 96 h, Salmo gairdneri, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)	
N-BUTYL ACETATE (123-86-4)		
LC50 fish 1	18 mg/l (Equivalent or similar to OECD 203, 96 h, Pimephales promelas, Flow-through	

Methanol (67-56-1)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	24500 mg/l (EC50; 48 h)

system, Fresh water, Experimental value)

44 mg/l (48 h, Daphnia sp., Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)

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**Methanol (67-56-1)** LC50 fish 2

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10800 mg/l (LC50; 96 h)

2-Propanol (67-63-0)	
LC50 fish 2	9640 mg/l (LC50; OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test; 96 h; Pimephales promelas; Flow-through system; Fresh water; Experimental value)
EC50 Daphnia 2	13299 mg/l (EC50; Other; 48 h; Daphnia magna)
Threshold limit algae 1	> 1000 mg/l (EC50; UBA; 72 h; Scenedesmus subspicatus)
Polyethyleneglycol 300 (25322-68-3)	
LC50 fish 1	> 5000 mg/l (24 h, Carassius auratus)
Heptan-2-one (110-43-0)	
LC50 fish 1	131 mg/l (LC50; EPA OPP 72-1; 96 h; Pimephales promelas; Flow-through system; Fresh water; Experimental value)
EC50 Daphnia 2	> 90.1 mg/l (EC50; OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test; 48 h; Daphnia magna; Semi-static system; Fresh water; Experimental value)
Threshold limit algae 2	98.2 mg/l (EC50; OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test; 72 h; Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata; Static system; Fresh water; Experimental value)
12.2. Persistence and degradability	
Aromatic Hydrocarbon (108-88-3)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Low potential for adsorption in soil.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	2.15 g O₂/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.52 g O₂/g substance
ThOD	3.13 g O₂/g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.69
n-butylmethacrylate, inhibited (97-88-1)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.
ThOD	2.36 g O₂/g substance
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Low potential for adsorption in soil.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.44 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance (20d.)
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.1 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
ThOD	3.17 g O₂/g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	45.4 (20 days)
cumene (98-82-8)	
Persistence and degradability	Inherently biodegradable. Not readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Low potential for adsorption in soil.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.28 g O₂/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.42 g O₂/g substance
ThOD	3.2 g O₂/g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.4
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable in water. Forming sediments in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Adsorbs into the soil. Low potential for mobility in soil. Photodegradation in the air.
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	0.44 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
ACEMATT TS 100 (112945-52-5)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	Not applicable
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable
ThOD	Not applicable
BOD (% of ThOD)	Not applicable
2-Propane (67-64-1)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.43 g O₂/g substance

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2-Propane (67-64-1)	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.92 g O₂/g substance
ThOD	2.2 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.872 (20 day(s), Literature study)
N-BUTYL ACETATE (123-86-4)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.
ThOD	2.21 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.46
Ethanol (64-17-5)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.8 - 0.97 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.7 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
ThOD	2.1 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.43
Methanol (67-56-1)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. No (test)data on mobility of the components available.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.6 - 1.12 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.42 g O₂/g substance
ThOD	1.5 g O₂/g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.40 - 0.73
2-Propanol (67-63-0)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.19 g O₂/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.23 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
ThOD	2.4 g O₂/g substance
Polyethyleneglycol 300 (25322-68-3)	
Persistence and degradability	Inherently biodegradable. Not readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.01 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.71 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
ThOD	1.75 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.01
Heptan-2-one (110-43-0)	
Heptan-2-one (110-43-0) Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Highly mobile in soil.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Aromatic Hydrocarbon (108-88-3)	
BCF fish 2	90 (BCF; 72 h; Leuciscus idus; Static system; Fresh water)
Log Pow	2.73 (Experimental value; Other; 20 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).
n-butylmethacrylate, inhibited (97-88-1)	
Log Pow	2.26 - 3.01
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
BCF fish 1	(BCF; Other; 6 weeks; Oncorhynchus kisutch; Flow-through system; Salt water; Literature study)
BCF fish 2	15 - 79 (BCF)
BCF other aquatic organisms 1	4.68 (BCF)
Log Pow	3.15 (Experimental value; 3.6; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 20 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).

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### State   Section   Sec	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aron	natic (64742-95-6)
BCF fish 1	Log Pow	2.1 - 6
BCF other aquatic organisms 1  Log Pow  3.66 (Experimental value; 3.55; Experimental value; OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (noctanol/water): Shake Flask Method; 23 °C)  Bloaccumulative potential  Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).  1.2.4-Trimethylbenzone (95-63-6)  BCF fish 1  S1 - 275 (BCF; Other; 8 weeks; Cyprinus carpio)  3.63 - 4.09 (Experimental value)  Bloaccumulative potential  Not bioaccumulative.  2-Propane (67-64-1)  BCF fish 1  S6F other aquatic organisms 1  Log Pow  1.0.89 (Pisces)  BCF other aquatic organisms 1  S6F other aquatic organisms 1  S7 (BCFWIN, Calculated value)  Log Pow  -0.24 (Test data)  BCF ish 1  S1.3 (Calculated value)  Log Pow  2.3 (Test data, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C)  Bioaccumulative potential  BCF fish 1  S1.3 (Calculated value)  2.3 (Test data, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C)  Bioaccumulative potential  BCF fish 1  S1.3 (Calculated value)  2.3 (Test data, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C)  Bioaccumulative potential  BCF fish 1  S1.3 (Calculated value)  S1.3 (Calculated value)  S2.4 (Test data, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C)  BCF fish 1  S1.3 (Calculated value)  S2.4 (Test data, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C)  BCF fish 1  S1.3 (Calculated value)  S2.4 (Test data, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C)  BCF fish 1  S1.3 (Calculated value)  S2.4 (Test data, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C)  BCF fish 1  S1.3 (Calculated value)  S2.4 (Test data, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C)  BCF fish 1  S1.3 (Calculated value)  S2.4 (Test data, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient, 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient, 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient, 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coeff	cumene (98-82-8)	
Log Pow 3.66 (Experimental value; 3.55; Experimental value; CFCD 107: Partition Coefficient (notanol/water): Shake Flask Method; 23 °C)  Bioaccumulative potential 1.24-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)  BCF fish 1 31 - 275 (BCF; Other; 8 weeks; Cyprinus carpio)  Log Pow 3.63 - 4.09 (Experimental value)  Bioaccumulative potential Potential for bioaccumulation (4 ≥ Log Kow ≤ 5).  ACEMATT TS 100 (112945-52-5)  Bioaccumulative potential Not bioaccumulative.  2-Propane (67-64-1)  BCF fish 1 0.69 (Pisces)  BCF other aquatic organisms 1 3 (BCFWIN, Calculated value)  Log Pow 1-0.24 (Test data)  Bioaccumulative potential Not bioaccumulative.  Not Bioaccumulative potential Not bioaccumulative.  Not-BUTYL ACETATE (123-86-4)  BCF fish 1 15.3 (Calculated value)  Log Pow 2.3 (Test data, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C)  Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation: not applicable.  Methanol (64-17-5)  Log Pow 1-0.32  Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation: not applicable.  Methanol (67-66-1)  BCF fish 1 < 10 (BCF)  Log Pow 0.0.820.66  Bioaccumulative potential No test data of component(s) available.  2-Propane (67-63-0)  Log Pow 1-0.820.66  Bioaccumulative potential Log Kow < 4).  Polyethyleneglycol 300 (25322-68-3)  Log Pow 1-1.2  Bioaccumulative potential Not bioaccumulation: (Log Kow < 4).  Polyethyleneglycol 300 (25322-68-3)  Log Pow 1-1.2  Bioaccumulative potential Not bioaccumulative.  Polyethyleneglycol 300 (25322-68-3)  Log Pow 1-1.2  Bioaccumulative potential Not bioaccumulative.  Heptan-2-one (110-43-0)  Log Pow 2-0.66 (Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Par	BCF fish 1	35.5 (BCF)
Description	BCF other aquatic organisms 1	94.69 (BCF; BCFBAF v3.00)
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)     BCF fish 1	Log Pow	
Sech	Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).
Log Pow 3.63 - 4.09 (Experimental value)  Bioaccumulative potential Potential for bioaccumulation (4 ≥ Log Kow ≤ 5).  ACEMATT TS 100 (112945-52-5)  Bioaccumulative potential Not bioaccumulative.  2-Propane (67-64-1)  BCF fish 1 0.69 (Pisces)  3 (BCFWIN, Calculated value)  - 0.24 (Test data)  Bioaccumulative potential Not bioaccumulative.  N-BUTYL ACETATE (123-86-4)  BCF fish 1 15.3 (Calculated value)  - 0.24 (Test data)  BCF pow 2.3 (Test data)  BCF pow 2.3 (Test data)  BCF fish 1 15.3 (Calculated value)  - 1.09 Pow 2.3 (Test data, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C)  Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  Ethanol (64-17-5)  Log Pow 1-0.32  Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation: not applicable.  Methanol (67-56-1)  BCF fish 1 < 10 (BCF)  - 0.82 - 0.66  Bioaccumulative potential No test data of component(s) available.  2-Propanol (67-63-0)  Log Pow 0.05 (Weight of evidence approach; Other; 25 °C)  Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  Polyethyleneglycol 300 (25322-68-3)  Log Pow 1-1.2  Bioaccumulative potential Not bioaccumulative.  Heptan-2-one (110-43-0)  Log Pow 2.26 (Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C;	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	
Bioaccumulative potential Potential for bioaccumulation (4 ≥ Log Kow ≤ 5).  ACEMATT TS 100 (112945-52-5)  Bioaccumulative potential Not bioaccumulative.  2-Propane (67-64-1)  BCF fish 1 0.69 (Pisces)  BCF other aquatic organisms 1 3 (BCFWIN, Calculated value)  Log Pow -0.24 (Test data)  Bioaccumulative potential Not bioaccumulative.  N-BUTYL ACETATE (123-86-4)  BCF fish 1 15.3 (Calculated value)  Log Pow 2.3 (Test data, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C)  Bioaccumulative potential bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  Ethanol (64-17-5)  Log Pow -0.32  Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation: not applicable.  Methanol (67-56-1)  BCF fish 1 < 10 (BCF)  Log Pow -0.82 -0.66  Bioaccumulative potential No test data of component(s) available.  2-Propanol (67-63-0)  Log Pow   0.05 (Weight of evidence approach; Other; 25 °C)  Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  Polyethyleneglycol 300 (25322-68-3)  Log Pow   -1.2  Bioaccumulative potential No bioaccumulative.  Heptan-2-one (110-43-0)  Log Pow   -2.26 (Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C)	BCF fish 1	31 - 275 (BCF; Other; 8 weeks; Cyprinus carpio)
ACEMATT TS 100 (112945-52-5) Bloaccumulative potential Not bioaccumulative.  2-Propane (67-64-1) BCF fish 1 0.69 (Pisces) BCF fish 1 3. (BCFWIN, Calculated value) Log Pow -0.24 (Test data) Bloaccumulative potential Not bioaccumulative.  N-BUTYL ACETATE (123-86-4) BCF fish 1 15.3 (Calculated value) Log Pow 2.3 (Test data, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C) Bloaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  Ethanol (64-17-5) Log Pow -0.32 Bloaccumulative potential Bloaccumulation: not applicable.  Methanol (67-56-1) BCF fish 1 < 10 (BCF) Log Pow -0.82 -0.66 Bloaccumulative potential No test data of component(s) available.  2-Propanol (67-63-0) Log Pow 0.0.5 (Weight of evidence approach; Other; 25 °C) Bloaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  Polyethyleneglycol 300 (25322-68-3) Log Pow 1.2 Bloaccumulative potential Not bioaccumulative.  Heptan-2-one (110-43-0) Log Pow 2.26 (Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Ex	Log Pow	3.63 - 4.09 (Experimental value)
Bioaccumulative potential Not bioaccumulative.  2-Propane (67-64-1)  BCF fish 1 0.69 (Pisces)  BCF other aquatic organisms 1 3 (BCFWIN, Calculated value) Log Pow -0.24 (Test data) Bioaccumulative potential Not bioaccumulative.  N-BUTYL ACETATE (123-86-4) BCF fish 1 15.3 (Calculated value) Log Pow 2.3 (Test data, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  Ethanol (64-17-5) Log Pow -0.32 Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation: not applicable.  Methanol (67-56-1) BCF fish 1 < 10 (BCF) Log Pow -0.82 - 0.66 Bioaccumulative potential No test data of component(s) available.  2-Propanol (67-63-0) Log Pow 0.05 (Weight of evidence approach; Other; 25 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  Polyethyleneglycol 300 (25322-68-3) Log Pow 1-1.2 Bioaccumulative potential No test data of component(s) available.  Polyethyleneglycol 300 (25322-68-3) Log Pow 1-1.2 Bioaccumulative potential Not bioaccumulative.  Heptan-2-one (110-43-0) Log Pow 2.26 (Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C;	Bioaccumulative potential	Potential for bioaccumulation (4 ≥ Log Kow ≤ 5).
Bioaccumulative potential Not bioaccumulative.  2-Propane (67-64-1)  BCF fish 1 0.69 (Pisces)  BCF other aquatic organisms 1 3 (BCFWIN, Calculated value) Log Pow -0.24 (Test data) Bioaccumulative potential Not bioaccumulative.  N-BUTYL ACETATE (123-86-4) BCF fish 1 15.3 (Calculated value) Log Pow 2.3 (Test data, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  Ethanol (64-17-5) Log Pow -0.32 Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation: not applicable.  Methanol (67-56-1) BCF fish 1 < 10 (BCF) Log Pow -0.82 - 0.66 Bioaccumulative potential No test data of component(s) available.  2-Propanol (67-63-0) Log Pow 0.05 (Weight of evidence approach; Other; 25 °C) Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  Polyethyleneglycol 300 (25322-68-3) Log Pow 1-1.2 Bioaccumulative potential No test data of component(s) available.  Polyethyleneglycol 300 (25322-68-3) Log Pow 1-1.2 Bioaccumulative potential Not bioaccumulative.  Heptan-2-one (110-43-0) Log Pow 2.26 (Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C;	ACEMATT TS 100 (112945-52-5)	
BCF fish 1  0.69 (Pisces) BCF other aquatic organisms 1  3 (BCFWIN, Calculated value)  -0.24 (Test data) Bioaccumulative potential  Not bioaccumulative.  N-BUTYL ACETATE (123-86-4) BCF fish 1  15.3 (Calculated value) Log Pow  2.3 (Test data, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C) Bioaccumulative potential  Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  Ethanol (64-17-5) Log Pow  -0.32 Bioaccumulative potential  Bioaccumulative potential  Bioaccumulative potential  Bioaccumulative potential  BCF fish 1  <10 (BCF)  -0.82 -0.66 Bioaccumulative potential  No test data of component(s) available.  2-Propanol (67-63-0) Log Pow  0.05 (Weight of evidence approach; Other; 25 °C) Bioaccumulative potential  Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  Polyethyleneglycol 300 (25322-68-3) Log Pow  -1.2 Bioaccumulative potential  Not bioaccumulative.  Heptan-2-one (110-43-0) Log Pow  2.26 (Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coeffici	Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.
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N-BUTYL ACETATE (123-86-4)  BCF fish 1	Log Pow	-0.24 (Test data)
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Bioaccumulative potential  Bioaccumulation: not applicable.  Methanol (67-56-1)  BCF fish 1		-0.32
Methanol (67-56-1)  BCF fish 1	-	
BCF fish 1	·	11
Log Pow  -0.820.66  Bioaccumulative potential  No test data of component(s) available.  2-Propanol (67-63-0)  Log Pow  0.05 (Weight of evidence approach; Other; 25 °C)  Bioaccumulative potential  Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  Polyethyleneglycol 300 (25322-68-3)  Log Pow  -1.2  Bioaccumulative potential  Not bioaccumulative.  Heptan-2-one (110-43-0)  Log Pow  2.26 (Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C)	,	< 10 (BCF)
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Bioaccumulative potential  Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).  Polyethyleneglycol 300 (25322-68-3)  Log Pow  -1.2  Bioaccumulative potential  Not bioaccumulative.  Heptan-2-one (110-43-0)  Log Pow  2.26 (Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C)	. ,	0.05 (Weight of evidence approach: Other: 25 °C)
Polyethyleneglycol 300 (25322-68-3)  Log Pow -1.2  Bioaccumulative potential Not bioaccumulative.  Heptan-2-one (110-43-0)  Log Pow 2.26 (Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C)		
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Bioaccumulative potential  Heptan-2-one (110-43-0)  Log Pow  2.26 (Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C)	Polyethyleneglycol 300 (25322-68-3)	
Heptan-2-one (110-43-0)  Log Pow  2.26 (Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C)	Log Pow	
Log Pow  2.26 (Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C; 2.26; Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C)	Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.
value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 30 °C)	Heptan-2-one (110-43-0)	
Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).	Log Pow	
	Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).
2.4. Mobility in soil	2.4. Mobility in soil	

Aromatic Hydrocarbon (108-88-3)	
Surface tension	0.03 N/m (20 °C)
n-butylmethacrylate, inhibited (97-88-1)	
Surface tension	0.03 N/m (20 °C)
Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil.
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
Surface tension	0.029 N/m
Log Koc	log Koc,PCKOCWIN v1.66; 2.71; Calculated value; Koc; PCKOCWIN v1.66; 517.8; Calculated value

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cumene (98-82-8)	
Log Koc	Koc,884; Calculated value; log Koc; 2.946; Calculated value
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	
Surface tension	0.029 N/m
Log Koc	log Koc,3.04; Calculated value
Ecology - soil	May be harmful to plant growth, blooming and fruit formation.
2-Propane (67-64-1)	
Surface tension	0.0237 N/m
Ecology - soil	No (test)data on mobility of the substance available.
N-BUTYL ACETATE (123-86-4)	
Surface tension	0.0163 N/m (20 °C)
Log Koc	1.268 - 1.844 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, QSAR)
Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil.
2-Propanol (67-63-0)	
Surface tension	0.021 N/m (25 °C)
Polyethyleneglycol 300 (25322-68-3)	
Surface tension	0.045 N/m (25 °C)
Heptan-2-one (110-43-0)	
Surface tension	0.0591 N/m (21.6 °C)
Log Koc	log Koc,EU Method C.19; 1.45; Experimental value

### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on the global warming : No known effects from this product.

GWPmix comment : No known effects from this product.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

## 13.1. Disposal methods

Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.

Additional information : Flammable vapors may accumulate in the container.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### **Department of Transportation (DOT)**

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1263 Paint, 3, III

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1263
Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Paint

Class (DOT) : 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120

Packing group (DOT) : III - Minor Danger Hazard labels (DOT) : 3 - Flammable liquid



DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 173 DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 242

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DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)

: B1 - If the material has a flash point at or above 38 C (100 F) and below 93 C (200 F), then the bulk packaging requirements of 173.241 of this subchapter are applicable. If the material has a flash point of less than 38 C (100 F), then the bulk packaging requirements of 173.242 of this subchapter are applicable.

B52 - Notwithstanding the provisions of 173.24b of this subchapter, non-reclosing pressure relief devices are authorized on DOT 57 portable tanks.

IB3 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1 and 31HA2, 31HB2, 31HN2, 31HD2 and 31HH2). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized, except for UN2672 (also see Special Provision IP8 in Table 2 for UN2672).

T2 - 1.5 178.274(d)(2) Normal...... 178.275(d)(3)

TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = 97 / 1 + a (tr - tf) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling. TP29 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 1.5 bar (150.0 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 1.5 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous materials, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 150 DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail : 60 L

(49 CFR 173.27)

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 : 220 L

CFR 175.75)

DOT Vessel Stowage Location : A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a

passenger vessel.

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 128

Other information : No supplementary information available.

### **Transportation of Dangerous Goods**

Not applicable

### Transport by sea

Transport document description (IMDG) : UN 1263 PAINT, 3, III

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1263
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : PAINT

Class (IMDG) : 3 - Flammable liquids

Packing group (IMDG) : III - substances presenting low danger

Limited quantities (IMDG) : 5 L

#### Air transport

Transport document description (IATA) : UN 1263 Paint, 3, III

UN-No. (IATA) : 1263
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Paint

Class (IATA) : 3 - Flammable Liquids
Packing group (IATA) : III - Minor Danger

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. US Federal regulations

Aromatic Hydrocarbon (108-8	8-3)	
	CA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory ats of United States SARA Section 313	
CERCLA RQ	1000 lb	
n-butylmethacrylate, inhibited	d (97-88-1)	
Listed on the United States TS0	CA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	

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ccording to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, M	arch 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substar	
Subject to reporting requirements of United State CERCLA RQ	s SARA Section 313
	7.77
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (6 Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substar	,
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ices Control Act) inventory
cumene (98-82-8)	saca Control Act inventory
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substar Subject to reporting requirements of United State	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substar Subject to reporting requirements of United State	
ACEMATT TS 100 (112945-52-5)	
Not listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Subs	stances Control Act) inventory
2-Propane (67-64-1)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substar	
Not subject to reporting requirements of the Unite	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb
N-BUTYL ACETATE (123-86-4)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substar Not subject to reporting requirements of the United States 1997).	ed States SARA Section 313
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb
Amide L* (Proprietary*)	
Not listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Subs	stances Control Act) inventory
Ethanol (64-17-5)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substar	nces Control Act) inventory
Methanol (67-56-1)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substar Subject to reporting requirements of United State	s SARA Section 313
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb
2-Propanol (67-63-0)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substar Subject to reporting requirements of United State	
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha[3-[3-(2H-ben 48-2)	zotriazol-2-yl)-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-1-oxopropyl]omegahydroxy- (104810-
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substar	, ,
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	N - N - indicates a polymeric substance containing no free-radical initiator in its Inventory name but is considered to cover the designated polymer made with any free-radical initiator regardless of the amount used. P - P - indicates a commenced Premanufacture Notice (PMN) substance. XU - XU - indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Chemical Data Reporting Rule, (40 CFR 711).
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha[3-[3-(2H-ben benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxy	<b>zotriazol-2-yl</b> )-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-1-oxyopropyl]omega[3-[3-(2H-vphenyl]-1-oxopropyl]- (104810-47-1)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substar	,
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	N - N - indicates a polymeric substance containing no free-radical initiator in its Inventory name but is considered to cover the designated polymer made with any free-radical initiator regardless of the amount used. P - P - indicates a commenced Premanufacture Notice (PMN) substance. XU - XU - indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Chemical Data Reporting Rule, (40 CFR 711).
Polyethyleneglycol 300 (25322-68-3)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substar	
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	XU - XU - indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Chemical Data Reporting Rule, (40 CFR 711).

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### Heptan-2-one (110-43-0)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

#### Solvent Naptha (Petroleum), light aliph. (64742-89-8)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

#### 15.2. International regulations

#### **CANADA**

### Aromatic Hydrocarbon (108-88-3)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

### n-butylmethacrylate, inhibited (97-88-1)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

### solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (64742-95-6)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

### cumene (98-82-8)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

### 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### ACEMATT TS 100 (112945-52-5)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### 2-Propane (67-64-1)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

### N-BUTYL ACETATE (123-86-4)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

### Amide L\* (Proprietary\*)

Not listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)/NDSL (Non-Domestic Substances List)

### Ethanol (64-17-5)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### Methanol (67-56-1)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

### 2-Propanol (67-63-0)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

# Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-1-oxopropyl]-.omega.-hydroxy- (104810-48-2)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

# Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-1-oxyopropyl]-.omega.-[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-1-oxopropyl]- (104810-47-1)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

### Polyethyleneglycol 300 (25322-68-3)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

### Heptan-2-one (110-43-0)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

### Solvent Naptha (Petroleum), light aliph. (64742-89-8)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

### **EU-Regulations**

No additional information available

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### **National regulations**

### ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

### cumene (98-82-8)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) Listed as carcinogen on NTP (National Toxicology Program)

### Ethanol (64-17-5)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

### 15.3. US State regulations

Aromatic Hydrocarbon	(108-88-3)			
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
No	Yes	No	No	7000
ethylbenzene (100-41-4	l)			
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
Yes	No	No	No	54
cumene (98-82-8)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
Yes	No	No	No	

Methanol (67-56-1)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
No	Yes	No	No	

### Aromatic Hydrocarbon (108-88-3)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

### n-butylmethacrylate, inhibited (97-88-1)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

### ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

### cumene (98-82-8)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

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### 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

### 2-Propane (67-64-1)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

### N-BUTYL ACETATE (123-86-4)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

### Ethanol (64-17-5)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

### Methanol (67-56-1)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

### 2-Propanol (67-63-0)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

### Heptan-2-one (110-43-0)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

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Full text of H-phrases:

Highly flammable liquid and vapour  Flammable liquid and vapour  Toxic if swallowed  Harmful if swallowed  May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways  Toxic in contact with skin  Causes skin irritation
Toxic if swallowed  Harmful if swallowed  May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways  Toxic in contact with skin  Causes skin irritation
Harmful if swallowed  May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways  Toxic in contact with skin  Causes skin irritation
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways  Toxic in contact with skin  Causes skin irritation
Toxic in contact with skin  Causes skin irritation
Causes skin irritation
May cause an allergic skin reaction
Causes serious eye irritation
Toxic if inhaled
Harmful if inhaled
May cause respiratory irritation
May cause drowsiness or dizziness
May cause genetic defects
May cause cancer
Suspected of causing cancer
Causes damage to organs
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product

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